



Funciones booleanas

Las **funciones booleanas** están constituidas de variables booleanas que pueden tomar los valores de cero lógico ó uno lógico.

Operadores booleanos básicos:

- | | |
|--------|---|
| 1. NOT | — |
| 2. AND | • |
| 3. OR | + |

$$\begin{aligned} F(A) &= \text{\color{red}{NOT}} A = \bar{A} \\ F(A,B) &= A \text{\color{red}{AND}} B = A \cdot B \\ F(A,B) &= A \text{\color{red}{OR}} B = A + B \end{aligned}$$

M.I. NORMA ELVA CHÁVEZ RODRÍGUEZ

Funciones booleanas

NOT

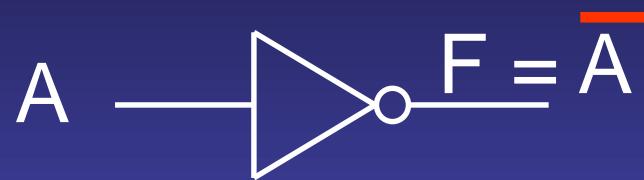


Tabla de verdad

A	$F = \bar{A}$
0	1
1	0

AND

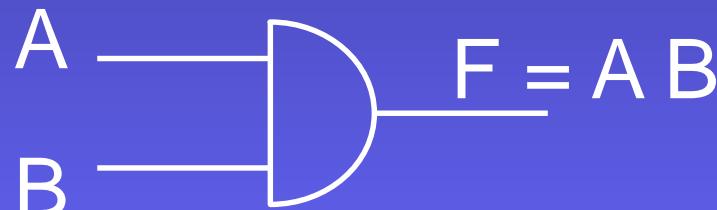


Tabla de verdad

A	B	$F = A B$
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

Funciones booleanas

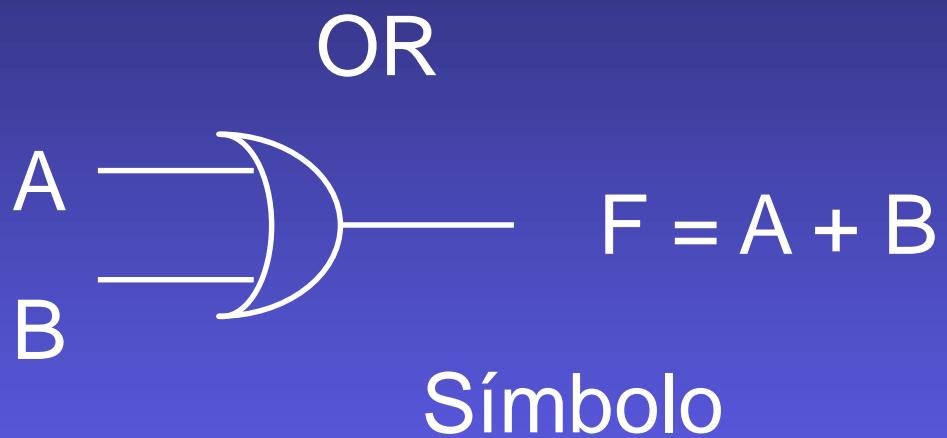
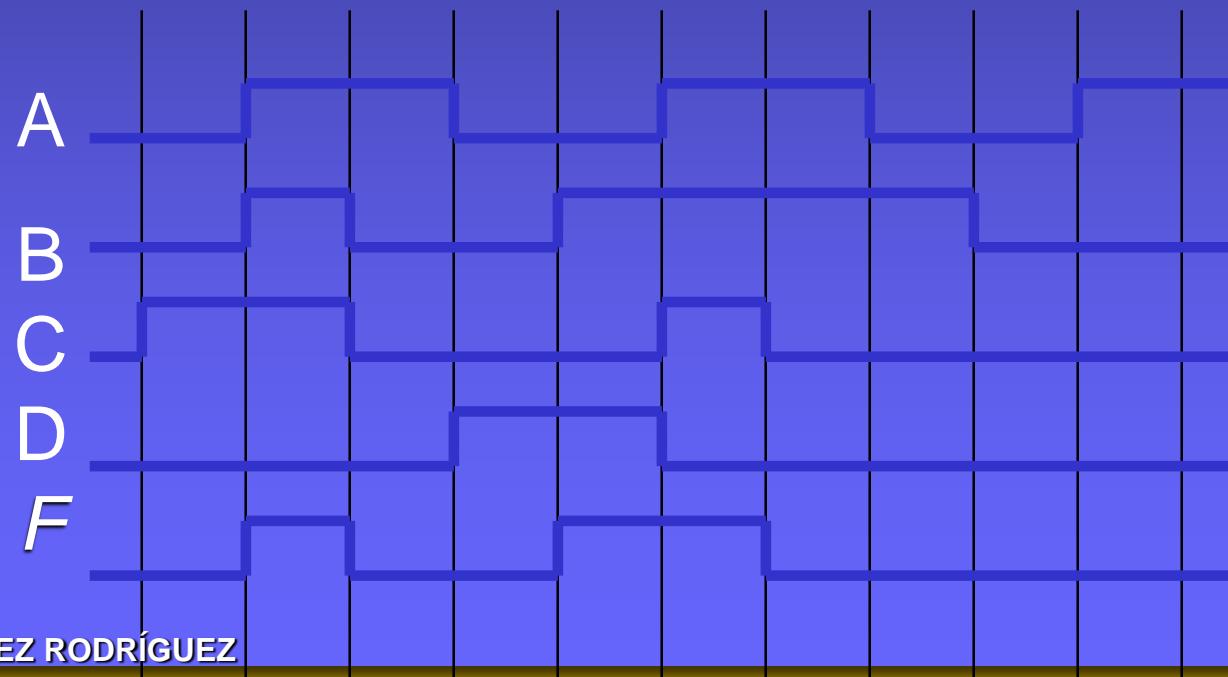
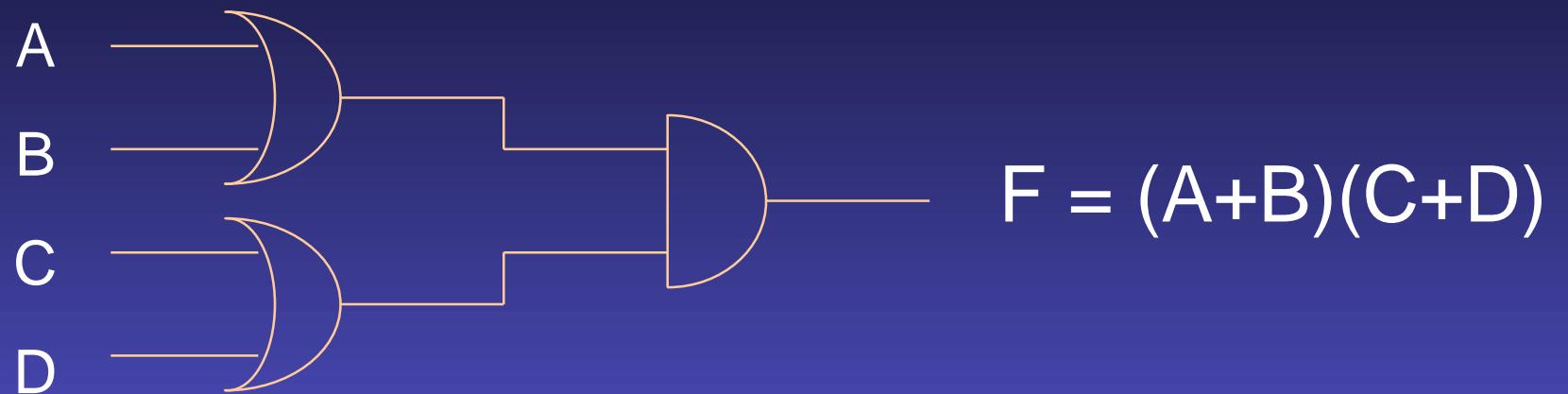


Tabla de verdad

A	B	$F = A + B$
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1

Funciones booleanas



Teoremas del Algebra Booleana.

$$1.- \quad X \cdot 1 = X \qquad \qquad X + 0 = X$$

$$2.- \quad X \cdot X = X \qquad \qquad X + X = X$$

$$3.- \quad X \cdot 0 = 0 \qquad \qquad X + 1 = 1$$

$$4.- \quad X \cdot \bar{X} = 0 \qquad \qquad X + \bar{X} = 1$$

$$5.- \quad \bar{\bar{X}} = X$$

$$6.- \quad \overline{(X \cdot Y)} = \bar{X} + \bar{Y} \quad \overline{X + Y} = \bar{X} \cdot \bar{Y}$$

Teoremas del Algebra Booleana.

$$7.- XY = YX$$

$$X+Y = Y+X$$

$$8.- XYZ = X(YZ) = (XY)Z$$

$$X+Y+Z = X+(Y+Z)$$

$$9.- X(Y+Z) = XY + XZ$$

$$X+(YZ) = (X+Y)(X+Z)$$

$$10.- X(X+Y) = X$$

$$X+(XY) = X$$

$$11.- (X+Y)(X+Y') = X$$

$$XY+XY' = X$$

$$12.- X(X'+Y) = XY$$

$$X+X'Y = X+Y$$

$$13.- XY+X'Z+YZ = XY+X'Z
(X+Y)(X'+Z)$$

$$(X+Y)(X'+Z)(Y+Z) =$$

TAREA

Simplificar utilizando el álgebra de Boole

$$\bar{a} \cdot b \cdot c + a \cdot \bar{b} \cdot c + a \cdot \bar{b} \cdot \bar{c} + a \cdot b \cdot \bar{c}$$

$$(\bar{a} \cdot b) \cdot (\bar{a} + b) + a \cdot b \cdot \bar{c} + a \cdot b$$

$$\bar{a} \cdot b \cdot \bar{c} \cdot d + \bar{a} \cdot b \cdot \bar{c} \cdot \bar{d} + \bar{a} \cdot b \cdot c \cdot d + \bar{a} \cdot \bar{b} \cdot c \cdot d$$

$$a + \bar{a} \cdot b$$

$$a \cdot (a \cdot b + a \cdot \bar{b} + a \cdot b \cdot c + a \cdot b \cdot \bar{c} + \bar{a})$$

$$\bar{a} \cdot \bar{b} \cdot c + \bar{a} \cdot b \cdot \bar{c} + \bar{a} \cdot b \cdot c + a \cdot b \cdot \bar{c} + a \cdot b \cdot c$$

$$\bar{a} \cdot \bar{b} \cdot \bar{c} \cdot \bar{d} + \bar{a} \cdot \bar{b} \cdot \bar{c} \cdot d + \bar{a} \cdot b \cdot \bar{c} \cdot \bar{d} + \bar{a} \cdot b \cdot \bar{c} \cdot d + \bar{a} \cdot b \cdot c \cdot \bar{d} + \bar{a} \cdot b \cdot c \cdot d$$

$$a \cdot b \cdot c \cdot d + a \cdot b \cdot c \cdot \bar{d} + a \cdot b \cdot \bar{c} \cdot d + a \cdot b \cdot \bar{c} \cdot \bar{d}$$

$$\bar{a} \cdot \bar{b} \cdot c + \bar{a} \cdot b \cdot \bar{c} + \bar{a} \cdot b \cdot c + a \cdot \bar{b} \cdot c$$

$$\overline{(\bar{a} + b) \cdot (\bar{c} + a)}$$